

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

a Sub-Fund of

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES

ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2022

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

Annual Report For the year ended 31 December 2022

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ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Manager and RQFII Holder

ICBC Credit Suisse Asset Management (International)
Company Limited
Suite 801, 8/F, ICBC Tower
3 Garden Road
Central
Hong Kong

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia)
Limited
1 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

Directors of the Manager

Mr. Du Haitao
Ms. Li Jun
Mr. Zhang Chunsheng
Ms. Zhao Xuesha (appointed on 24 October 2022)
Ms. Huang Rong (appointed on 24 October 2022)
Ms. Cao Jiaqi (resigned on 24 October 2022)
Mr. Wang Yang (resigned on 24 October 2022)

Investment Adviser

ICBC Credit Suisse Asset Management
Company Limited
6-9/F, Xincheng Building
No. 5 Financial Street
Xicheng District
Beijing, 100033
China

Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
1 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

PRC Custodian

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited
33/F, HSBC Building
Shanghai ifc
8 Century Avenue
Pudong, Shanghai 200120
China

Solicitors to the Manager

Deacons
5/F, Alexandra House
18 Chater Road
Central
Hong Kong

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
22/F, Prince's Building
Central
Hong Kong

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

Market Review

In 2022, global economic growth slowed, and China's economy, though facing downward pressures from contracted demand, supply shocks and lowered expectations, displayed signs of bottoming out over the year as a whole. The impact of the pandemic and the larger than expected downturn in the real estate industry were the main factors that affected economic recovery. In the first half of the year, the pandemic and hot temperatures in the summer caused damage to the supply chain in China and a shortage of electricity. In the second half of the year overseas monetary policies weakened the support of external demand, and the damage caused to household balance sheets continued to be a significant drag on economic recovery. However, we should also note that although the PBoC was constrained by several factors such as exchange rates, it has cut interest rates and its RRR this year and monetary policy has ensured reasonably adequate liquidity at the aggregate and structural levels. In addition, various fiscal and financial policies have also provided strong support for stable credit and investment. As of the end of December, declines were recorded in money market interest rates, with the 7-day interbank repo rate down 40bps to 1.77% on the 20-day average, 1-year AAA short-term facility yields down 4bps to 2.71%, and the yield rate on one-year CDB bonds down 8bps to 2.23%.

Market Outlook

In 2023, the money market funds rate hub is expected to rise in the short term compared with 2022. However, in the medium term, the level of short-end yield cannot deviate significantly from the benchmark interest rate for a long time. With the post-pandemic recovery of the economy, social activities and traffic flows will improve markedly, and the rate of capital flows in the real economy will accelerate significantly compared with last year. This will generate greater demand for social financing and raise the capital interest rate hub. On the other hand, the slowdown of developed overseas economies and the weakening of external demand may destabilize China's economic recovery. In addition, the real estate sector will be constrained by the slow recovery of residents' income and market confidence, and sales will remain slow. This will constrain the upward trend in social interest rates. In summary, fundamental constraints on monetary policy are expected to be relatively limited. Therefore, the portfolio will maintain a neutral duration level in strategy and ensure good endogenous liquidity and increased liquidity allowances at key points in order to maintain better liquidity on the asset side and to meet investor demand.

ICBC Credit Suisse Asset Management (International) Company Limited
24 April 2023

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of the Sub-Fund has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 16 September 2014, as amended, for the year ended 31 December 2022.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited
24 April 2023

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND**
(A sub-fund of ICBC Credit Suisse Renminbi Series)

Independent Auditor’s Report

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of ICBC Credit Suisse RMB Cash Fund (the “Sub-Fund”), a sub-fund of ICBC Credit Suisse Renminbi Series, which are set out on pages 7 to 33, comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2022, and of its financial transactions and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (“ISAs”). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the “IESBA Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Other Information

The Trustee and the Manager (the “Management”) of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND**
(A sub-fund of ICBC Credit Suisse Renminbi Series)

Responsibilities of the Management for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Management of the Sub-Fund is required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 16 September 2014, as amended (the "Trust Deed") and Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND
(A sub-fund of ICBC Credit Suisse Renminbi Series)**

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Matters under the Relevant Disclosure Provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 24 April 2023

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
Assets			
Investments	4(b)	79,789,758	69,784,194
Interest receivable		11,503	-
Amount due from the Manager	8(f)	156,030	57,685
Cash and cash equivalents	4(d)	14,816,552	4,430,817
Total Assets		94,773,843	74,272,696
Liabilities			
Management fees Payables	8(a)	12,656	22
Other payables		262,333	251,004
Total Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		274,989	251,026
Net assets attributable to unitholders	3	94,498,854	74,021,670

On behalf of
HSBC Institutional Trust Services
(Asia) Limited
as the Trustee

On behalf of
ICBC Credit Suisse Asset
Management (International) Company
Limited
as the Manager

The notes on pages 11 to 33 are an integral part of these financial statement

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
Income			
Interest on bank deposits		152,983	17,700
Interest on investments		1,263,237	1,560,623
Net gains on investments	6	116,778	187,464
Net foreign currency (losses)/gains		(470)	145
Other income	8(f)	445,838	351,729
Total investment income		<u>1,978,366</u>	<u>2,117,661</u>
Expenses			
Management fee	8(a)	15,722	22
Trustee fee	8(b)	480,000	480,000
Registrar fees	8(b)	18,600	18,600
Transaction costs	9	7,050	6,665
Audit fee		110,256	96,000
Legal and professional fees		-	1,027
Other expenses		46,438	56,537
Total operating expenses		<u>678,066</u>	<u>658,851</u>
Profit before tax		1,300,300	1,458,810
Tax expense	7	(1,612)	(1,737)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations		<u><u>1,298,688</u></u>	<u><u>1,457,073</u></u>

The notes on pages 11 to 33 are an integral part of these financial statements.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS****For the year ended 31 December 2022**

	Note	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the year		74,021,670	72,531,849
		-----	-----
Issue of units	3	22,282,276	62,457
Redemption of units	3	(3,103,780)	(29,709)
		-----	-----
Net increase from unit transactions		19,178,496	32,748
		-----	-----
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations		1,298,688	1,457,073
		-----	-----
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the year		94,498,854	74,021,670
		=====	=====

The notes on pages 11 to 33 are an integral part of these financial statements.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022	2021
	RMB	RMB
Cash flows from operating activities		
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	1,298,688	1,457,073
Adjustments for:		
Interest on investments	(1,263,237)	(1,560,623)
Interest on bank deposits	(152,983)	(17,700)
Withholding tax on interest income	1,612	1,737
Operating loss before working capital changes	(115,920)	(119,513)
Net increase in investments	(10,005,564)	(68,303)
Net (increase)/decrease in amount due from the Manager	(98,345)	28,291
Net increase in other payables	11,329	35,500
Net increase/(decrease) in management fee payables	12,634	(3,042)
Cash used in operations	(10,195,866)	(127,067)
Interest on investments received	1,263,237	1,560,623
Interest on bank deposits received	141,480	17,702
Tax paid	(1,612)	(1,737)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(8,792,761)	1,449,521
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of units	22,282,276	62,457
Payments on redemption of units	(3,103,780)	(29,709)
Net cash generated from financing activities	19,178,496	32,748
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,385,735	1,482,269
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,430,817	2,948,548
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	14,816,552	4,430,817
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at banks	14,816,552	4,430,817

The notes on pages 11 to 33 are an integral part of these financial statements.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. General Information

ICBC Credit Suisse Renminbi Series (the “Fund”) is an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella unit trust under the laws of Hong Kong by a trust deed dated 16 September 2014, as amended, (the “Trust Deed”) between ICBC Credit Suisse Asset Management (International) Company Limited as Manager (the “Manager”) and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited as Trustee (the “Trustee”).

The Fund and the Sub-Fund are authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance.

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investors with daily liquidity together with a higher investment return comparable to normal RMB denominated money market interest rates.

The Manager has obtained Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor (“RQFII”) status from the China Securities Regulatory Commission (“CSRC”) and has been granted RQFII quota by the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (“SAFE”) of the PRC pursuant to the RQFII Regulations. The Sub-Fund utilises RQFII quota granted by SAFE to the Manager. The total amount of RQFII quota available to the Manager for use by public fund products under the Manager’s management is limited at any given time. The Manager has the flexibility to allocate such RQFII quota across different open-ended fund products under the Manager’s management from time to time. As such the Sub-Fund does not have exclusive use of and must rely on the Manager’s management and allocation of such RQFII quota. There can be no assurance that the Manager can obtain or allocate sufficient RQFII quota to the Sub-Fund to fully satisfy new subscription requests and existing investment needs.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the year presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustee and Manager (collectively the “Management”) to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Sub-Fund’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2022

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual period beginning on 1 January 2022 that have a material impact on the financial statements of the Sub-Fund.

New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2022 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Sub-Fund.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Investments

(i) Classification

Assets

The Sub-Fund classifies its investments based on both the Sub-Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Sub-Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Sub-Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Sub-Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Sub-Fund's business objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

As such, the Sub-Fund classifies all of its investment portfolio as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition, derecognition and measurement

Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date basis. Investments are initially recognised at fair value, excluding transaction costs which are expensed as incurred, and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Sub-Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net changes in fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(iii) Fair value estimation

Investments are fair valued based on quoted market prices using reputable pricing sources (such as pricing agencies) or indicative prices from bond/debt makers at the close of trading on the reporting date.

Investments which are traded in the interbank markets (for example, unlisted debt securities) are valued by using the valuation provided by China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd., a company jointly established by People's Bank of China and Ministry of Finance to undertake the function of centralised depository and settlement for the interbank bond market.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Investments (Continued)

(iv) Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting year.

(c) Income and expenses

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Other income and expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of an interest bearing asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Sub-Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(d) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

(e) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currencies

Items included in the Sub-Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The performance of the Sub-Fund is measured and reported to unitholders in Chinese Yuan Renminbi ("RMB"). The Manager considers RMB as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the year end date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash and cash equivalents are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net foreign currency (losses)/gains".

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net gains on investments".

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(f) Redeemable units

The Sub-Fund has issued Class R and Class X (2021: Class R and Class X) redeemable units which are redeemable at the holder's option and do not have identical rights as at 31 December 2022. These units are classified as financial liabilities.

Units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit of the relevant class at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units of the relevant class.

In accordance with the Explanatory Memorandum of the Sub-Fund, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit of the relevant class for creations and redemptions of the Sub-Fund's units.

(g) Amounts receivable from/payable to brokers

Amounts receivable from/payable to brokers represent receivables from investments sold and payables for investments purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the year end date respectively.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash at banks and deposits held with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

(i) Taxation

The Sub-Fund incurs withholding taxes imposed by the People's Republic of China on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are recorded separately and included as taxation in the statement of comprehensive income.

(j) Distribution to unitholders

Distributions to unitholders are recognised when they are approved by the Manager.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. Number of units in issue and net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by net assets attributable to unitholders in the statement of financial position. Subscriptions and redemptions of units during the year are shown in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders. In order to achieve the investment objectives, the Sub-Fund endeavors to invest its capital in accordance with the investment policies and risk management policies as outlined in note 4, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests. Such liquidity is augmented by the holding of liquid investments. During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no class was issued and fully redeemed. As at 31 December 2022, the Sub-Fund has two classes (2021: two classes) of units: Class X and Class R (2021: Class X and Class R).

The movements of the redeemable units are as follows:

	Class R Units	Class X Units
At 1 January 2022	38,709	65,497,636
Issue of units	21,587,176	-
Redemption of units	(3,007,994)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2022	18,617,891	65,497,636
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

	Class R Units	Class X Units
At 1 January 2021	6,667	65,497,636
Issue of units	61,232	-
Redemption of units	(29,190)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	38,709	65,497,636
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is as follows:

	Class R RMB	Class X RMB
As at 31 December 2022		
Net asset value per unit	1.03	1.15
	<hr/>	<hr/>
As at 31 December 2021		
Net asset value per unit	1.02	1.13
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management

(a) Financial risk factors

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investors with daily liquidity together with a higher investment return comparable to normal RMB denominated money market interest rates.

The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing not less than 80% of its net asset value in a broad range of short term high liquidity RMB denominated and settled short term debt instruments including bonds (which can be fixed or floating rate), certificate of deposits, commercial paper, treasury bills and other short term bills and notes issued or distributed within mainland China by Chinese governments (including state, provincial and local governments), quasi-government organizations (including policy banks), banks, financial institutions and other corporations which are traded on the interbank bond market and/or the exchange traded bond markets in mainland China, through the RQFII quota of the Manager.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its net asset value in RMB denominated and settled short term debt instruments issued or distributed within mainland China by Chinese governments (including state, provincial and local governments), quasi-government organizations (including policy banks), banks, financial institutions and other corporations which are traded on the interbank bond market and/or the exchange traded bond markets in mainland China, through the RQFII quota of the Manager.

The Sub-Fund may also invest up to 60% of its net asset value in RMB denominated and settled short term debt instruments and/or RMB denominated cash and cash equivalents issued outside mainland China.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to market price risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, credit and custody risk, liquidity risk and currency risk.

The risks and the respective risk management policies employed by the Sub-Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

(b) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Sub-Fund's market price risk is managed through deliberate securities or monetary assets selection and diversification of the investment portfolio.

At the end of the reporting date, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Fair value RMB	Cost RMB	Fair value RMB	Cost RMB
Debt securities	79,789,758	79,665,853	69,784,194	69,601,568

As the Sub-Fund mainly invests in debt securities, the sensitivity analysis of market price risk is disclosed in the interest rate sensitivity analysis in note 4(c) below.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Market price risk (Continued)

Net market exposures

The following table shows the net market exposure the Sub-Fund has to the market, incorporating the underlying market risk through all financial assets and liabilities held by the Sub-Fund. Market below represents where the holding company/head office of the issuer predominately domiciles/operates.

Markets exposed to	2022 RMB equivalent	2021 RMB equivalent
China	79,789,758	69,784,194

The following table shows the net exposures to sectors as at 31 December:

Sectors exposed to	2022 % of net asset value	2021 % of net asset value
Financial Services	84.43	94.28
	<u>84.43</u>	<u>94.28</u>

As at 31 December 2022, the Sub-Fund had seven (2021: seven) concentrated positions within the Sub-Fund's investment portfolio. The following table represent the Sub-Fund's percentage of net asset value:

As at 31 December 2022

	% of Net Assets
Money market instruments quoted in the China interbank bond market	
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	21.14
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	10.57
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 19JAN2023	10.57
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 30JAN2023	10.56
CHINA GUANGFA BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22FEB2023	10.55
BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAR2023	10.53
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAY2023	10.51
	<u>84.43</u>

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Market price risk (Continued)

Net market exposures (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021

	% of Net Assets
Money market instruments quoted in the China interbank bond market	
HUAXIA BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2022	13.49
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 25JAN2022	13.49
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 28JAN2022	13.48
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 18FEB2022	13.47
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22FEB2022	13.46
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAR2022	13.45
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 16MAR2022	13.44
	<hr/>
	94.28
	<hr/>

(c) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates on the fair value of interest-bearing assets and liabilities and their future cash flows. The Sub-Fund holds bonds that expose the Sub-Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The Sub-Fund also holds cash and cash equivalents that expose the Sub-Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(c) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

The table below summarises the Sub-Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

At 31 December 2022

	Up to 1 year RMB	1-5 years RMB	Over 5 years RMB	Non- interest bearing RMB	Total RMB
Assets					
Investments	79,789,758	-	-	-	79,789,758
Other assets	-	-	-	167,533	167,533
Cash and cash equivalents	14,816,552	-	-	-	14,816,552
	94,606,310	-	-	167,533	94,773,843
Liabilities					
Management fee payables	-	-	-	12,656	12,656
Other liabilities	-	-	-	262,333	262,333
Net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	-	94,498,854	94,498,854
	-	-	-	94,773,843	94,773,843
Total interest sensitivity gap	94,606,310	-	-		

At 31 December 2021

	Up to 1 Year RMB	1-5 years RMB	Over 5 years RMB	Non- interest bearing RMB	Total RMB
Assets					
Investments	69,784,194	-	-	-	69,784,194
Other assets	-	-	-	57,685	57,685
Cash and cash equivalents	4,430,817	-	-	-	4,430,817
	74,215,011	-	-	57,685	74,272,696
Liabilities					
Management fee payables	-	-	-	22	22
Other liabilities	-	-	-	251,004	251,004
Net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	-	74,021,670	74,021,670
	-	-	-	74,272,696	74,272,696
Total interest sensitivity gap	74,215,011	-	-		

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(c) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

The majority of the Sub-Fund's interest rate exposure on debt instruments are RMB denominated. Interest rate exposures are expressed in terms of weighted modified duration. The Manager monitors the interest rate risks by quantifying market exposure in duration terms. Beta adjusted weighted modified duration is the modified duration multiplied by the allocation of net asset value and a sensitivity factor (beta). The weighted modified duration of the Sub-Fund's portfolio amount to 0.11 (2021: 0.12) as at 31 December 2022.

At 31 December 2022, should interest rates have lowered/risen by 25 basis points with all other variables remaining constant, the increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders would amount to approximately RMB25,263 (2021: RMB21,923), arising substantially from the increase/decrease in fair values of debt securities.

(d) Credit and custody risk

The Sub-Fund is exposed to credit risk which is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to pay amounts in full when due.

The Sub-Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and assets held with custodian and its delegate. The table below summarises the net exposure to the Sub-Fund's counterparties as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021:

At 31 December 2022

	RMB
<u>Investments</u>	
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	79,789,758
<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>	
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	1,260,016
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	1,556,536
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Corporation Limited	12,000,000

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(d) Credit and custody risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2021

	RMB
<u>Investments</u>	
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	69,784,194
<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>	
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	4,377,186
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	53,631

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the credit ratings of the counterparties are at or above investment grade.

As the Sub-Fund holds debt securities, it is also exposed to risk that the issuers may not be able to repay the principal amount at maturity and interest. The credit risk is mitigated as the debt securities held are subject to the requirements of (i) maximum holding of 10% of net asset value for any single issuer except where the issuer is a substantial financial institution (as defined in SFC Code) and the total holding does not exceed 10% of the issuer's share capital and non-distributable capital reserves, the limit may be increased to 25% and/or (ii) maximum holding of 30% of net asset value for Government and other public securities of the same issue.

The table below summarises the credit rating of the investment portfolio categorised by the rating agencies:

Portfolio by rating category of bonds:

Rating	2022 % of net asset value	2021 % of net asset value
China Bond Pricing Center Co., Ltd		
AAA	-	26.95%
AAA-	-	67.33%
China Chengxin International Credit Rating Co., Ltd		
AAA	63.31%	-
China Lianhe Credit Rating Co., Ltd		
AAA	21.12%	-
Total	<u>84.43%</u>	<u>94.28%</u>

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(d) Credit and custody risk (Continued)

None of the assets is impaired nor past due but not impaired. The maximum exposure to credit risk at year end is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to the credit risk of issuers of the RMB denominated short term debt instruments it invests in as an unsecured creditor. Such securities are typically unsecured obligations and are not supported by collateral. The Sub-Fund's investment is also subject to the risk that issuers may not make timely payments on principal and/or interests of the debt instruments they issue and the Sub-Fund may encounter difficulties or delays in liquidating its position or enforcing its rights against such issuer as they may be incorporated outside Hong Kong.

The Sub-Fund applies the IFRS 9 general model for interest receivables and other receivables to measure expected credit losses. On that basis, the loss allowance for interest receivables and other receivables is immaterial as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Cash and cash equivalents and deposits are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, for which the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations as they fall due, including a redemption request.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units in the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund may invest in debt instruments which are not listed. Even if the debt instruments are listed, the market for such securities may be inactive. The Sub-Fund is therefore subject to liquidity risks and may suffer losses in trading such instruments.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Sub-Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month RMB	1-3 months RMB	Over 3 months RMB	Total RMB
At 31 December 2022				
Management fees payables	12,656	-	-	12,656
Other payables	-	93,533	168,800	262,333
Net assets attributable to unitholders	94,498,854	-	-	94,498,854
Contractual cash outflow	94,511,510	93,533	168,800	94,773,843

	Less than 1 month RMB	1-3 months RMB	Over 3 months RMB	Total RMB
At 31 December 2021				
Management fees payables	22	-	-	22
Other payables	-	89,104	161,900	251,004
Net assets attributable to unitholders	74,021,670	-	-	74,021,670
Contractual cash outflow	74,021,692	89,104	161,900	74,272,696

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders' option. As at 31 December 2022, there was two (2021: one) unitholder individually holding more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's units.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Sub-Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing predominantly in debt securities that it expects to be able to liquidate within 7 days or less. The following table illustrates the expected liquidity of the assets held:

	Less than 7 days RMB	7 days to less than 1 month RMB	1-12 months RMB	Total RMB
At 31 December 2022				
Total current assets	87,606,310	7,011,503	156,030	94,773,843
	<u>87,606,310</u>	<u>7,011,503</u>	<u>156,030</u>	<u>94,773,843</u>
	Less than 7 days RMB	7 days to less than 1 month RMB	1-12 months RMB	Total RMB
At 31 December 2021				
Total current assets	74,215,011	-	57,685	74,272,696
	<u>74,215,011</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>57,685</u>	<u>74,272,696</u>

(f) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund is not exposed to currency risk arising from balances and transactions in foreign currencies as its assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

The Sub-Fund holds monetary assets and liabilities which are mainly denominated in RMB. The Manager considers that there is no significant exposure to currency risk and hence sensitivity analysis is not presented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(g) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The Sub-Fund used the last traded market price as its fair valuation inputs for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The Sub-Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(g) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Sub-Fund's investments (by class) measured at fair value as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021:

At 31 December 2022

	Level 1 RMB	Level 2 RMB	Level 3 RMB	Total RMB
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Debt securities	-	79,789,758	-	79,789,758
Total assets	-	79,789,758	-	79,789,758

At 31 December 2021

	Level 1 RMB	Level 2 RMB	Level 3 RMB	Total RMB
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Debt securities	-	69,784,194	-	69,784,194
Total assets	-	69,784,194	-	69,784,194

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed debt securities.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2, such as unlisted bonds and inactive listed bonds. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect i.e., illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Sub-Fund did not hold any investments classified in level 3.

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between levels.

Assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position, except for investments, are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(h) Financial instruments by category

Apart from investments as disclosed in the statement of financial position which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, all other financial assets as disclosed in the statement of financial position, including interest receivable, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables, are categorised as “financial assets at amortised cost”.

All liabilities as disclosed in the statement of financial position is categorised as “other financial liabilities at amortised cost”.

(i) Capital risk management

The capital of the Sub-Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Sub-Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Sub-Fund’s objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Sub-Fund’s ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the investment activities of the Sub-Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Sub-Fund’s policy is to perform the following:

- monitor the level of daily subscriptions and redemptions relative to the liquid assets; and
- redeem and issue units in accordance with the Trust Deed of the Sub-Fund.

The Manager monitors capital on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to unitholders.

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Manager makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results. Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) taxation

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the tax exposure which is dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

Withholding Income Tax (“WIT”)

Under the general tax provision of PRC Corporate Income Tax Law (“PRC CIT Law”), the non-PRC residents with no place of effective management, establishment or place of business in PRC may be subject to 10% PRC withholding income tax (“WIT”) on the capital gain derived from disposal of securities, unless exempt or reduced under current PRC tax laws and regulations or relevant tax treaties.

In addition, the non-PRC residents with interest income derived from the debt securities will be subject to 10% WIT. Pursuant to the PRC CIT Law, debt securities issuers in PRC are obligated to withhold the 10% PRC WIT on interest income for those foreign debt securities holders. However, interest income derived from government bonds issued by the State Council’s finance departments and/or local government bonds approved by the State Council is exempt from PRC WIT under the PRC CIT Law.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

People's Republic of China ("PRC") taxation (Continued)

Value Added Tax ("VAT") and surtaxes

Furthermore, according to the notice Caishui [2016] No.36 ("Circular 36"), Value-Added Tax ("VAT") at 6% shall be levied on the difference between the selling and buying prices of those marketable securities starting from 1 May 2016. In addition, if VAT is applicable, local surtaxes including Urban Maintenance and Construction Tax ("UMCT") (currently at the rate ranging from 1% to 7%), Education Surcharge ("ES") (currently at the rate of 3%) and Local Education Surcharge ("LES") (currently at the rate of 2%) are imposed based on the VAT liabilities (the "VAT related taxes"). Pursuant to the newly issued UMCT Law and Public Notice [2021] No.28 jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") and the PRC State Taxation Administration ("STA"), effective from 1 September 2021, no UMCT, ES and LES would be levied on the VAT paid for the service provisions and sale of intangible assets in China by overseas parties to PRC parties. However, in practice, the implementation of the exemption may vary depending on the local practice.

The gains derived by QFIIs/RQFIIs and through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect from trading of marketable securities (including A-shares and other PRC listed securities) are exempted from VAT in the PRC under Circular 36 and other prevailing VAT regulations. According to Caishui [2016] No. 70, gains derived by approved foreign investors from the trading of RMB denominated debt securities in the China Interbank Bond Market should be exempt from PRC VAT. There is no specific VAT rules on Bond Connect, by making reference to the above circular and other related prevailing tax regulations, it is anticipated that gains derived by foreign investors from the trading of PRC bonds through "Northbound Trading" should also not be subject to PRC VAT. In addition, deposit interest income and interest received from government bonds and local government bonds are also exempt from VAT.

Exemption of PRC WIT and VAT on bond interest income effective from 7 November 2018

On 7 November 2018, the MOF and the STA jointly issued a notice Caishui [2018] No.108 ("Circular 108") which stipulates that foreign institutional investors are temporarily exempted from PRC WIT and VAT in respect of bond interest income received from 7 November 2018 to 6 November 2021. On 22 November 2021, the MOF and the STA officially issued Public Notice [2021] No.34 to extend the CIT and VAT exemption treatment on the bond interest income for the foreign institutional investors investing in the domestic bond market from 6 November 2021 to 31 December 2025.

The Manager decided to change the tax provisioning policy of the Sub-Fund and ceased to make provisions for PRC WIT and VAT (plus the VAT related taxes) on the interest income derived from PRC non-government bonds for the period from 7 November 2018 onward.

(a) Capital gains on PRC debt securities ("PRC Investments")

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Sub-Fund invests in PRC Investments in PRC through the interbank bond market and the RQFII program. The Manager considers that the enforcement of PRC tax on gains derived from the PRC Investments is uncertain as at the date of approval of these financial statements and has exercised its judgment when assessing whether the Sub-Fund may be liable for PRC taxation on its gains, the amount of potential liability and the probability of such tax being levied up to the reporting date. However, significant uncertainties exist and estimation of the Manager may substantially differ from the actual events.

The Manager considered that the WIT policy for QFIIs/RQFII's investment in debt securities has not been clarified in the "Notice on temporary exemption of Corporate Income Tax on capital gains derived from the transfer of equity investment assets such as PRC domestic stocks by QFIIs and RQFIIs" (the "Notice").

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

People's Republic of China ("PRC") taxation (Continued)

(a) Capital gains on PRC debt securities ("PRC Investments") (Continued)

Based on the current verbal interpretation of the STA and the local PRC tax authorities, the authorities are of the view that capital gains derived by foreign investors from investment in PRC Investments would not be treated as PRC-sourced income and thus would not be subject to PRC WIT. However, there are no written tax regulations issued by the PRC tax authorities to confirm this interpretation. As a matter of practice, such 10% PRC WIT on capital gains realised by non-PRC tax resident enterprises from the trading of these PRC debt securities has not been strictly enforced by the PRC tax authorities. The Manager has considered the applicability of the arrangement between the Mainland of China and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion to the Sub-Fund and assessed that the probability of such tax being levied up to the approval date of the financial statements of the Sub-Fund is reasonably low. Based on all the aforementioned factors, the Manager has reassessed the provisioning approach and has continued not making PRC WIT provision on gains derived from the PRC Investments of the Sub-Fund.

(b) Interest income on bonds issued by PRC tax residents ("PRC bonds")

The Management considers that the PRC WIT treatment on accrued interest of PRC non-government bonds held by the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2022 derived from 15 January 2016 (date of inception) to 6 November 2018 (prior to WIT exemption under Circular 108) and the enforcement of VAT and the VAT related taxes from 1 May 2016 (effective date of Circular 36) to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) is uncertain as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Manager has exercised significant judgment in their assessment of the PRC withholding tax expense and the related tax provision.

PRC WIT

For the PRC bonds disposed of during the year, Management has not made provision on the accrued interest income of PRC bonds during the year and as at reporting date as they consider that:

- (i) the issuers of debt securities are required to withhold 10% WIT at the coupon payment date before distributing the interest income to the bond holders; and
- (ii) the Manager has sold the PRC debt securities before the coupon payment dates or the maturity dates of the PRC debt securities.

PRC VAT and related taxes

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Manager estimated that the Sub-Fund's accumulated interest income received from PRC non-government bonds from 1 May 2016 (effective date of Circular 36) to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) of RMB1,313,452 could be exposed to PRC VAT and surtaxes amounting to approximately RMB88,264.

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Manager did not consider that the potential PRC VAT exposure amounting to approximately RMB88,264, arising from the Sub-fund's accumulated interest income received from PRC non-government bonds from 1 May 2016 (effective date of Circular 36) to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) to be material.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. Net gains on investments

	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
Change in unrealised (losses)/gains on investments	(58,721)	6,607
Realised gain on investments	175,499	180,857
	<u>116,778</u>	<u>187,464</u>

7. Taxation

Hong Kong Profits Tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Sub-Fund as it was authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance and is therefore exempt from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

PRC Withholding Tax

For the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Sub-Fund had invested in RMB denominated debt securities in the PRC. Withholding tax was charged on interest income received from banks during the year. Refer to note 5 for details.

The taxation of the Sub-Fund for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 represents:

	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
Withholding tax on interest income from banks	1,612	1,737
Tax expense	<u>1,612</u>	<u>1,737</u>

8. Transactions with related parties including Trustee and its affiliates and the Manager and its Connected Persons

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions/transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and the Trustee and its affiliates and the Manager and its Connected Persons. Connected Persons of the Manager are those as defined in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. All transactions entered into during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 between the Sub-Fund and the Manager and its Connected Persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other significant transactions with related parties except for those disclosed below.

(a) Management fee

The Manager is entitled to receive a management fee of 0.4% per annum for Class R units, calculated and accrued based on the net asset value of the Sub-Fund on each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. In respect of the Sub-Fund, the Manager currently charges a rate of 0.4% per annum for Class R. Unitholders of Class X units are subject to a separate management fee payable to the Manager or its affiliate under the relevant investment management agreement between such Unitholder and the Manager or its affiliate.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Manager was entitled to management fees of RMB15,722 (2021: RMB22). At 31 December 2022, a management fees of RMB12,656 (2021: RMB22) was payable to the Manager.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

8. Transactions with related parties including Trustee and its affiliates and the Manager and its Connected Persons (Continued)

(b) Trustee fee

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, the Trustee, is entitled to receive a trustee fee, which is accrued at each valuation day, payable monthly in arrears. The trustee fee is calculated as a percentage per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund, at the rate as follows, subject to a monthly minimum of RMB40,000 and maximum of 2% per annum:

	Trustee fee % per annum
For first RMB2 billion	0.175%
For next RMB6 billion	0.155%
For next RMB6 billion	0.1325%
For next RMB6 billion	0.10%
For next RMB10 billion	0.08%
Thereafter	0.06%

The Trustee fee is inclusive of fees payable to the Custodian and the PRC Custodian.

The Trustee is also entitled to receive a fee for acting as Registrar. It is also entitled to receive various transaction, processing, valuation fees and other applicable fees as agreed with the Manager from time to time and to be reimbursed by the Sub-Fund for all out-of-pocket expenses (including sub-custody fees and expenses) properly incurred by it in the performance of its duties.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Sub-Fund was obliged to pay a trustee fee of RMB480,000 (2021: RMB480,000), of which RMB137,162 (2021: RMB128,271) is borne by the Sub-Fund and the remaining is subsidised by the Manager. At 31 December 2022, a trustee fee of RMB66,613 (2021: RMB68,676) was payable to the Trustee.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Registrar was entitled to registrar fees of RMB18,600 (2021: RMB18,600). At 31 December 2022, a registrar fees of RMB1,579 (2021: RMB1,579) was payable to the Registrar.

(c) Bank balances and investment balances

The following bank and investment balances of the Sub-Fund were held with the PRC Custodian and its delegate which are related parties of the Trustee. Refer to note 4(d).

	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
<u>Bank balances with:</u>		
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	1,260,016	4,377,186
The HongKong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	1,556,536	53,631
	<u>2,816,552</u>	<u>4,430,817</u>
<u>Investment balances with:</u>		
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	79,789,758	69,784,194

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

8. Transactions with related parties including Trustee and its affiliates and the Manager and its Connected Persons (Continued)

(d) Interest Income

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the interest income derived from bank balances are as follows:

	2022 RMB	2021 RMB
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	16,116	17,372
The HongKong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	670	328
	<u>16,786</u>	<u>17,700</u>

(e) Other fees

Transaction handling fees on purchases and sales of investments, valuation fees and fees for the preparation of annual and interim reports were charged by the Trustee, amounting to RMB35,300 (2021: RMB45,200) for the year ended 31 December 2022, of which RMB28,371 (2021: RMB32,904) was outstanding at year end.

(f) Other income

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Manager subsidised the Sub-Fund a trustee fee of RMB342,838 (2021: RMB351,729) and audit fee of RMB103,000 (2021: nil), of which RMB156,030 (2021: RMB57,685) was outstanding at year end.

(g) Unitholders

As at 31 December 2022, all units of Class X being 65,497,636 (2021: 65,497,636) were held by the Manager.

As at 31 December 2022, 1,241,451 units of Class R (2021: 38,709) were held by a distributor (being a fellow subsidiary of the Manager) on nominee arrangement.

(h) Establishment costs

The establishment costs of the Sub-Fund have been borne by the Manager.

(i) Other investment

During the year ended 31st December 2022, the Fund held investments in debt securities issued by entities within Bank of Communications Co., Ltd., which are the connected persons of the Trustee amounting to RMB9,990,912 (2021: Nil).

9. Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, transaction costs paid by the Sub-Fund were RMB7,050 (2021: RMB6,665).

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

10. Soft dollar arrangements

The Manager confirms that there were no soft dollar arrangements existing during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 in relation to directing transactions of the Sub-Fund through a broker or dealer.

11. Subsequent event

The Manager confirms that there were no subsequent events that require recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

12. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 24 April 2023.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

As at 31 December 2022

	Nominal Value RMB	Fair Value RMB	% of Net Assets
Money market instruments quoted in the China interbank bond market			
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAY2023	10,000,000	9,931,617	10.51
BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAR2023	10,000,000	9,957,103	10.53
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 19JAN2023	10,000,000	9,990,912	10.57
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 30JAN2023	10,000,000	9,979,796	10.56
CHINA GUANGFA BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22FEB2023	10,000,000	9,968,305	10.55
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	10,000,000	9,987,379	10.57
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	20,000,000	19,974,646	21.14
		<u>79,789,758</u>	<u>84.43</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE*		<u>79,789,758</u>	<u>84.43</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS, AT PURCHASE COST*		<u>79,665,853</u>	

	Fair Value RMB	% of Net Assets
Daily liquid assets	82,606,311	87.42%
Weekly liquid assets	82,606,311	87.42%

The weighted average maturity and the weighted average life of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund are 39 days.

* Investments are accounted for on a trade date basis.

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Nominal Value (RMB)			31 December 2022
	1 January 2022	Additions	Deductions	
Money market instruments quoted in the China interbank bond market				
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAY2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 17AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 25MAY2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 28JAN2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
BANK OF BEIJING CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 10AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF CHINA 0% CD 12APR2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAR2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 21DEC2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF CHINA SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 23AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 12AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 13MAY2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 19JAN2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 28OCT2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF HANGZHOU CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09DEC2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF HANGZHOU CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22JUN2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF SHANGHAI 0% CD 16DEC2022	-	20,000,000	20,000,000	-
BANK OF SHANGHAI SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 08JUN2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
BANK OF SHANGHAI SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 24NOV2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 16DEC2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22FEB2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 13JUL2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Nominal Value (RMB)			31 December 2022
	1 January 2022	Additions	Deductions	
Money market instruments quoted in the China interbank bond market (continued)				
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 18FEB2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 18OCT2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 24MAY2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 30JAN2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
CHINA GUANGFA BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 22FEB2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 03AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09MAR2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
CHINA MINSHENG BKG CORP SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 09NOV2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
EXPORT IMPORT 2.2% 13SEP2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
HUAXIA BANK CO LTD 0% CD 30AUG2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
HUAXIA BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
INDUSTRIAL BANK 0% CD 20JUN2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 01APR2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 25JAN2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 15JUN2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 16MAR2022	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 20JAN2023	-	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
PING AN BANK CO LTD SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 23NOV2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
SHANGHAI PUDONG 0% CD 07APR2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
SHANGHAI PUDONG 0% CD 25OCT2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
SHANGHAI PUDONG DEV BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 06DEC2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
SHANGHAI PUDONG DEV BANK SER NCD (REG) 0% CD 12JUL2022	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

PERFORMANCE TABLE (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Total net asset value RMB	Net asset value per unit RMB Class R	Net asset value per unit RMB Class X
At the end of financial year/period dated			
- 31 December 2022	94,498,854	1.03	1.15
- 31 December 2021	74,021,670	1.02	1.13
- 31 December 2020	72,531,849	1.01	1.11

Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Class X		
Financial year/period ended		
- 31 December 2022	1.15	1.13
- 31 December 2021	1.13	1.11
- 31 December 2020	1.11	1.09
- 31 December 2019	1.09	1.07
- 31 December 2018	1.07	1.04
- 31 December 2017	1.04	1.01
- 31 December 2016 (since launch of the class)	1.01	1.00

Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Class I		
Financial year/period ended		
- 31 December 2020	1.01	1.00
- 31 December 2019 (since launch of the class)	1.01	1.00

ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RENMINBI SERIES - ICBC CREDIT SUISSE RMB CASH FUND

PERFORMANCE TABLE (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Class R		
Financial year/period ended		
- 31 December 2022	1.03	1.02
- 31 December 2021	1.02	1.01
- 31 December 2020	1.01	1.00
- 31 December 2019	1.00	1.00
- 31 December 2018 (since launch of the class)	1.01	1.00

Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Class P		
Financial year/period ended		
- 31 December 2018 (since launch of the class)	1.00	1.00

Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Class Z		
Financial year/period ended		
- 31 December 2016 (since launch of the class)	1.00	1.00